# Simultaneous Pell Equation of Indefinite Signature 

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Let $a_{1}, a_{2}, b_{1}$ and $b_{2}$ be given positive integers such that $a_{1} a_{2}, b_{1} b_{2}$ and $a_{1} a_{2} b_{1} b_{2}$ are non-square. We consider the system

$$
\left\{\begin{aligned}
a_{1} x^{2}-a_{2} z^{2} & = \pm 4, \\
b_{1} y^{2}-b_{2} z^{2} & = \pm 4
\end{aligned}\right.
$$

of Diophantine equations in unknown positive integers $x, y$ and $z$, where signature of the right hand side may depend on $x, y$ and $z$. We show this equation has at most 3 solutions under the technical assumption max $\left\{a_{1}, a_{2}, b_{1}, b_{2}\right\} \geq$ $10^{15}$.

